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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of Town of Viking

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Town of Viking, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets (debt) and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Town of Viking as at December 31, 2012, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets (debt) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Vegreville, AB

Chartered Accountants

TOWN OF VIKING Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2012

	2012 \$	2011 \$
	Ψ	
Financial Assets		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 3)	1,020,686	724,658
Receivables		
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 4)	55,043	62,697
Due from governments	87,834	39,088
Trade and other receivables	234,964	199,357
Land held for resale	255,070	255,070
	1,653,597	1,280,870
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	404,377	256,083
Deposit liabilities	2,535	2,635
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	234,308	414,509
Tax sale surplus	4,776	4,776
Long term debt (Note 7)	1,056,081	1,152,908
	1,702,077	1,830,911
Net Financial assets (debt)	(48,480)	(550,041)
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	19,083,243	19,529,317
Prepaid expenses	1,000	1,000
	19,084,243	19,530,317
Accumulated surplus (Note 10)	19,035,763	18,980,276

Contingent Liability (Note 15)

TOWN OF VIKING Consolidated Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Budget \$ (Unaudited)	2012 \$	2011 \$
Revenue			
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3)	1,152,995	1,128,463	1,068,710
Special levies for specified municipal purposes	33,400	30,624	32,664
User fees and sales of goods	816,310	739,469	700,683
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)	462,605	867,100	537,152
Investment income	1,300	7,546	9,800
Penalties and costs on taxes	7,000	21,373	28,008
Rentals	210,700	160,476	178,805
Franchise revenues	94,300	112,432	98,763
Licenses, permits and fines	1,900	5,230	5,210
Other	19,000	102,414	69,860
Total revenue	2,799,510	3,175,127	2,729,655
Expenses			
Administration and legislative	689,333	620,967	508,191
Fire protection and safety services	50,900	43,670	58,201
Bylaw enforcement	13,200	8,576	9,508
Roads, streets, walks, lighting	492,300	811,164	613,177
Airport	9,000	7,060	8,617
Water supply and distribution	474,000	555,316	550,337
Wastewater treatment and disposal	114,300	137,103	158,501
Waste management	53,700	50,762	50,442
Family and community support	12,888	12,428	12,428
Cemetery	10,000	1,500	500
Land use planning, zoning and development	80,400	35,182	64,566
Economic and Agricultural development	207,482	208,535	170,848
Subdivision land and development	2,000	1,385	4,091
Parks & recreation	561,300	703,734	755,116
Culture	22,500	30,707	26,925
Total expenses	2,793,303	3,228,089	2,991,448
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses - before other	6,207	(52,962)	(261,793)
Other			
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4) Contributed assets	481,029	108,449	316,226 29,180
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	487,236	55,487	83,613
Accumulated surplus - beginning of the year	18,980,276	18,980,276	18,896,663
Accumulated surplus - end of the year	19,467,512	19,035,763	18,980,276

TOWN OF VIKING Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Budget \$ (Unaudited)	2012 \$	2011 \$
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	487,236	55,487	83,613
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(266,000) - -	(186,808) - 632,884	(395,522) (29,180) 613,765
	(266,000)	446,076	189,063
Decrease in net debt	221,236	501,563	272,676
Net Financial assets (debt), beginning of year	(550,041)	(550,041)	(822,717)
Net Financial assets (debt), end of year	(328,805)	(48,478)	(550,041)

TOWN OF VIKING Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2012

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Operating		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	55,487	83,613
Net changes in non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	632,884	613,765
Tangible capital assets received as contributions		(29,180
Net changes in non-cash charges to operation		-
Decrease (increase) in taxes and grants in lieu receivable	7,654	2,475
Decrease (increase) in government receivables	(48,746)	(2,339
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	(35,607)	14,261
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		=
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	148,294	(128,830
Increase (decrease) in deposit liabilities and deferred revenues	(180,301)	(185,816
Cash provided by operating transactions	579,665	367,949
Capital		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(186,808)	(395,522
Cash applied to capital transactions	(186,808)	(395,522
Investing		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents	180,199	185,216
Cash provided by investing transactions	180,199	185,216
Financing		
Term debt repaid	((*	(8,753
Long term debt repaid	(96,827)	(201,377
Cash used in financing transactions	(96,827)	(210,130
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	476,229	(52,487
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	305,373	357,860
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	781,602	305,373
Cash and cash equivalents is made up of:		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 3)	1,020,686	724,658
Less: restricted portion of cash and temporary investments (Note 3)	(239,084)	(419,285
	781,602	305,373

See accompanying notes

Wilde & Company
Chartered Accountants

TOWN OF VIKING Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 1

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Operating Reserves	Restricted Capital Reserves	Equity in Capital Assets	2012 \$	2011
Balance, beginning of year	304,442	69,199	230,226	18,376,409	18,980,276	18,896,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	55,487	a	(0)	C	55,487	83.613
Unrestricted funds designated for future use	(30,296)	22,400	7,896	ĸ		,
Restricted funds used for operations	25,047	(25,047)	ŕ	ij.		
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(178,912)	•	(7,896)	186,808	Ü	а
Annual amortization expense	632,884	at.	ž	(632,884)	3	30
Tangible capital asset long term debt repaid	(96,827)	31	Ť	96,827	**	:8001
Change in accumulated surplus	407,383	(2,647)	Š	(349,249)	55,487	83,613
Balance, end of year (Note 10)	711,825	66,552	230,226	18,027,160	19,035,763	18,980,276

TOWN OF VIKING Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 2

	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery and Equipment	Vehicles	2012 \$	2011
Cost:								
Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital assets	375,995	659,728 2,625	12,740,747	18,185,592	843,440 184,183	161,855	32,967,357 186,808	32,542,653 424,702
Balance, end of year	375,995	662,353	12,740,747	18,185,592	1,027,623	161,855	33,154,165	32,967,355
Accumulated amortization:								
Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization	a k	459,955 10,853	1,263,098 251,829	11,498,643 311,570	175,387 42,447	40,955 16,185	13,438,038 632,884	12,824,273 613,765
Balance, end of year		470,808	1,514,927	11,810,213	217,834	57,140	14,070,922	13,438,038
Net Book Value of tangible capital assets	375,995	191,545	11,225,820	6,375,379	809,789	104,715	19,083,243	19,529,317
2011 Net Book Value of tangible capital assets	375,995	199,773	199,773 11,477,649	6,686,949	668,051	120,900	19,529,317	

TOWN OF VIKING Schedule of Property and Other Taxes Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 3

	Budget	2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$
	(Unaudited)		
Taxation			
Real property taxes	1,347,431	1,322,899	1,241,414
Linear property	44,428	44,428	42,449
Government grants in place of property taxes	13,104	13,104	12,689
Special assessments and local improvement taxes	33,400	30,624	32,664
	1,438,363	1,411,055	1,329,216
Requisitions			
Alberta School Foundation Fund	224,300	224,303	206,790
Beaver Seniors Foundation	27,668	27,665	21,052
	251,968	251,968	227,842
Net municipal taxes	1,186,395	1,159,087	1,101,374
Less: Special levies and local improvements	(33,400)	(30,624)	(32,664)
Net municipal taxes for general purposes	1,152,995	1,128,463	1,068,710

TOWN OF VIKING Schedule of Government Transfers Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 4

	Budget	2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$
	(Unaudited)		
Transfers for operating			
Provincial Government	371,305	620,249	484,645
Other Local Governments	91,300	246,851	52,507
	462,605	867,100	537,152
Transfers for Capital			
Provincial Government	421,029	108,449	316,226
Federal Government	60,000		-
	481,029	108,449	316,226
Total Government Transfers	943,634	975,549	853,378

TOWN OF VIKING Schedule of Consolidated Expenses by Object Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 5

	Budget \$ (Unaudited)	2012 \$	2011 \$
Consolidated Expenses by Object			
Salaries, wages and benefits	878,663	659,462	631,350
Contracted and general services	739,652	731,334	746,556
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	877,200	990,500	813,437
Transfers to local boards and agencies	121,900	137,008	109,836
Provision for allowances	11,500	21,592	14,797
Bank charges and short term interest	5,300	5,661	6,662
Interest on long term debt	147,700	49,648	55,045
Amortization of tangible capital assets		632,884	613,765
	2,781,915	3,228,089	2,991,448

55,487

1,285,447

(19,790)

(16,499)

895

(39,172)

(594,673)

(1,866)

(558,855)

Net revenue (cost) - 2012

83,613

1,237,418

(275,802)

(47,740)

1,872

19,681

(378,636)

(16, 192)

(456,988)

Net revenue (cost) - 2011

659,462 731,334 990,500 137,008 1,157,311 975,549 739,469 160,476 7,546 21,373 112,432 109,420 49,648 27,253 632,884 3,283,576 2,595,205 688,371 Total 69 7,546 21,373 112,432 17,409 1,285,447 1,126,687 1,285,447 Other 30,624 429,081 33,888 129,877 90,508 181,862 73,382 254,026 273,816 48,574 460,625 66,299 91,181 Recreation & 714,65 Culture 2,000 (16,188)241,717 244,791 31 228,603 228,603 Development Planning & 10 Transportation Environmental Public Health & 11,388 3,435 11,388 14,823 2,540 13,928 895 Welfare 689,589 14,420 69,356 101,628 449,665 83,360 122,532 704,009 620,649 Services 220,751 2,500 300 180,158 74,370 332,174 (363, 151)231,522 223,551 586,702 Services 8,492 (6,484) 50,238 50,200 (1,866)52,246 50,380 180 Protective Services 343,649 212,079 33,283 (554, 152)4,703 35,526 10,057 15,879 62,112 27,253 616,264 650 Government General Transfers to local boards and agencies Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Amortization of tangible capital assets Net revenue before amortization User fees and sales of goods Penalties and costs on taxes Salaries, wages and benefits Interest on long term debt Government transfers Net municipal taxes Investment income Rental revenues Other expenses Other revenues Franchise fees Expenses Revenue

Schedule of Segmented Disclosure

TOWN OF VIKING

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Schedule 6

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Viking are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting polices adopted by the municipality are as follows:

Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, therefore, accountable to Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(continues)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Currently the municipality carries all of its cash in the current account which is valued at cost. The carrying amount of the current account approximates fair value.

Requisition over-levy and under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Inventories for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

Prepaid local improvement charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

a) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	YEARS
Land improvements	10-25
Buildings	25-50
Engineered structures	
Water system	35-75
Wastewater system	35-75
Other engineered structures	10-40
Machinery and equipment	5-25
Vehicles	10-25

No amortization is charged in the year of acquisition, however, assets are amortized in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

b) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

c) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

d) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

e) Cultural and historical tangible capital assets

The Town of Viking currently owns several cultural properties with an accumulated historical cost of \$428,424. In compliance with the Town's accounting policies, cultural and historical tangible capital assets are not recorded as tangible capital assets in the financial statements and are not amortized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2012

2. Recent accounting pronouncements published but not yet adopted

The following accounting standards have been issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) but are not yet effective. The municipality is currently evaluating the effect of adopting these standards on their financial statements.

Section PS 3410 - Government Transfers

This section establishes standards on how to account for and report government transfers to individuals, organizations and other governments from both a transferring government and a recipient government perspective. This section is effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2012.

Section PS 3510 - Tax Revenue

This section establishes recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure standards relating to tax revenue reported in the financial statements. This section is effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2012.

Section PS 3260 - Liability for Contaminated Sites

This section establishes recognition, measurement and disclosure standards for liabilities relating to contaminated sites of governments and those organizations applying the CICA Public Sector Accounting Handbook. This section is effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2014.

Section PS 3450 - Financial Instruments

This new section establishes standards for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives. In conjunction with this new section, section PS 1201, PS 3041 and section PS 2601 have been amended as a consequence of the introduction of new financial instruments standards. These amendments were required to present the associated gains and losses with financial instruments recognized under the new section. The new section and the related amendments are effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2015.

For government organizations, as defined in Section PS 1300, the new section and the related amendments are effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2012.

3. Cash and temporary investments

	2012	2011
Cash	\$ 1,020,686	\$ 724,658

Council has designated funds of \$230,226 (2011- \$230,226) included in the above amounts for capital purposes.

Also included in cash is a restricted amount of \$239,084 (2011 - \$419,285) received from various Provincial funding agencies and tax sale surplus proceeds. These funds are restricted in their use and must be expended to meet program objectives and approved projects. (Note 7)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2012

4.	l axes and grants in place of taxes receivable

		2011		
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes Arrears taxes	\$	39,915 38,204	\$	43,605 35,400
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		78,119 (23,076)		79,005 (16,308
	\$	55,043	\$	62,697

5. Employee benefit obligations

2012		2011	
\$	53,733	\$ 58,950	

Vacation and overtime

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year. The above amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The municipality also has accumulating non-vesting sick leave benefits.

6. Deferred revenue

	2012			2011	
Federal Gas Tax Fund	\$	4,367	\$	2	
Municipal Internship Program		14,333		-	
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - capital		198,045		160,254	
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - operating		** 37		26,395	
Rural Community Adaptation Grant		6,052		212,482	
Business licenses		2,550		2,650	
Facility memberships		8,861		10,128	
Lot deposit		100		100	
Prepaid building rental		<u>₩0</u>		2,500	
	\$	234,308	\$	414,509	

Funding received from the various grant programs noted above are restricted to the eligible operating and capital projects as approved under the funding agreements. Unexpended funds related to the funding advances are supported by restricted cash (see Note 3).

7.	Long term debt	2012		
	Tax supported debentures	\$ 1,056,081	\$	1,152,908

Principal and interest repayments are as follows:

	_e F	Principal	Interest		InterestTot		
2013	\$	46,100	\$	47,544	\$	93,644	
2014		48,222		45,422		93,643	
2015		50,441		43,202		93,643	
2016		52,763		40,881		93,644	
2017	_	858,555		265,455	-	1,124,010	
	\$	1,056,081	\$	442,504	\$	1,498,585	

The current portion of the long term debt amounts to \$46,100 (2011 - \$96,828).

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 4.551% per annum and matures in 2028. The average annual interest rate is 4.551% (2010- 4.63%).

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the municipality at large.

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$48,574 (2011 - \$55,045).

The municipality's total cash payments for long term interest in 2012 was \$49,572 (2011 - \$56,664).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2012

8. Debt limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the municipality be disclosed as follows:

	2012	2011
Total debt limit Total debt - debenture debt (Note 7)	\$ 4,762,690 (1,056,081)	\$ 4,094,483 (1,152,908)
Amount of debt limit unused	\$ 3,706,609	\$ 2,941,575
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing - debenture debt (Note 7)	\$ 793,781 (93,644)	\$ 682,414 (147,474)
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 700,137	\$ 534,940

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

9. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2012	2011
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	\$ 33,154,166	\$ 32,967,355
Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2)	(14,070,923)	(13,438,038)
Long term debt (Note 7)	(1,056,081)	(1,152,908)
	\$ 18,027,162	\$ 18,376,409

10. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2012		2011	
Unrestricted surplus	\$ 711,8	25 \$	304,442	
Restricted surplus				
Operating reserves	66,5	52	69,199	
Capital reserves	230,2	26	230,226	
Equity in tangible capital assets (Note 9)	18,027,10	50	18,376,409	
	\$ 19,035,7	3 \$	18,980,276	

11. Segmented disclosure

The municipality provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6)

12. Salary and benefits disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	S	Salary (1)	2012 Benefits & allowances			2011
Grandinetti, M. Mayor	\$	11,800	\$ 1	14 \$	11,914	\$ 12,264
Acres, J.		7,350	1:	14	7,464	7,864
Brissard, G.		6,000	;	57	6,057	6,457
Doering, T.		7,600	1:	14	7,714	7,264
Ellingson, R.		7,850	;	57	7,907	8,557
McArthur, P.		7,100	;	57	7,157	7,307
Ruzicka, K.		6,400	11	14	6,514	6,364
Chief Administrative Officer		90,433	1,50	5	91,938	92,219

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2. Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short-term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

13. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the municipality participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves about 214,000 people and 478 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The municipality is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 10.43% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 14.74% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the municipality are required to make current service contributions of 9.43% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 13.47% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the municipality to the LAPP in 2012 were \$38,413 (2011 - \$38,851). Total current service contributions by the employees of the municipality to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2012 were \$34,728 (2011 - \$34,905).

At December 31, 2011, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$5.4 billion.

14. Commitments

The municipality along with the County of Beaver, is committed to the joint development of an Industrial Park. All costs of the development are shared 50/50. Proceeds from future lot sales, property taxation and infrastructure maintenance costs will also be shared 50/50. The Town's share of costs to December 31, 2012 are \$256,297 (2011 - \$256,297). These costs relate to the purchase and development of land (\$103,453) and the cost of infrastructure development (\$152,844). No additional development is currently planned for the Industrial Park.

Contingent liability

- i) The municipality is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the municipality could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.
- ii) The municipality as well as several Town employees are currently named as defendant's in a civil action. The Town has been advised that the matter, dependant on the final resolution, is an insurance claim limiting the municipality's liability to an applicable \$1,000 deductible.

16. Financial instruments

The municipality's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, investments, debt charges recoverable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities, requisition over-levy, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the municipality is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The municipality is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the municipality provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

17. Budget amounts

Budget amounts are included for information purposes only are are not audited.

18. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform to the current year's presentation.